

Workplace Health and Safety Snapshot for Ontario Logging Sector in 2024



3,384

Full-time employees



Events resulting in lost-time injury or illness

Injury or illness severe enough to require one or more days lost from work



35%

Bodily reactions and exertions
(overexertion; bodily reaction;
repetitive motions; static
postures while applying force)



26%

Contact with objects and equipment
(caught in or compressed by
equipment or objects; struck
against or struck by objects)



23%

Falls
(falls on same level; jumps to
lower level; falls to lower level)



16%

Other
(highway incident; pedestrian
struck by vehicle; mobile
equipment interaction;
exposures)

Most common lost-time injuries

- 11** **Bodily reactions and exertions**, includes overexertion in pushing, pulling, or lifting objects; bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; repetitive placing or moving objects; static postures while applying force; loss of balance without falling.
- 8** **Contact with objects and equipment**, includes struck by stationary, falling, rolling, sliding, or slipping objects; slammed in swinging doors or gates; caught in or compressed by equipment or objects.
- 7** **Falls**, includes falls to floor, walkways, or other surfaces; falls to lower level; falls from non-moving vehicles; falls onto or against objects; jump from structure or structural element.

Occupational Disease



17

Noise-induced hearing loss WSIB claims for healthcare, being off work, loss of wages, or permanent disability.

Source: WSIB Enterprise Information Warehouse as of March 31, 2025. NAICS 113311, 113312. Jun 2025 WSN.



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