

Workplace Health and Safety Snapshot for Ontario Silviculture Sector in 2024



618

Employees

0 0
Injury Disease*
Work-related fatalities

49
Total injuries

9
Lost-time injuries

7.93
Total injury rate per 100 workers

+103%
Change in injury rate from previous year

Events resulting in lost-time injury or illness

Injury or illness severe enough to require one or more days lost from work



56%

Falls
(falls on same level;
falls to lower level)



22%

Bodily reaction and exertion
(overexertion, repetitive motion,
bodily reaction and exertion)



22%

Contacts with objects and equipment
(struck by or against objects or equipment)

Most common lost-time injuries

5 Falls, includes falls to floor, in walkways, or on other surfaces; also includes falls from stationary vehicles

2 Bodily reaction and exertion, includes injuries and illnesses resulting from overexertion in pulling, pushing, lifting, turning, or carrying objects; repetitive use of tools or placing of objects; bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; repetitive motion; slip, trip, twist, step on or in and loss balance without fall.

2 Contact with objects and equipment, includes struck by falling, dislodged, slipping, swinging, or flying object or particle; struck against stationary or moving object; caught in or compressed by equipment, running machinery, or object; rubbed or abraded by foreign matter in eye; caught in running equipment or machinery.

Top Occupational Diseases

Based on approved WSIB claims for healthcare, being off work, loss of wages, or permanent disability.

1 Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue, includes contact dermatitis due to plants; cellulitis of finger and leg.

6 Injury and poisoning, includes heat exhaustion, heat stroke, and sunstroke; toxic effect of venom (eg. bee sting, wasp, etc.), anaphylactic shock.

*Disease fatality claims with a fatality effective date of 2024 Source: WSIB Enterprise Information Warehouse as of March 31, 2025. NAICS: 113210, 115310 June 2025 WSN